Unit 2 – Lesson 1: Software Development

Lesson 1: Software Development

Time available: 4 hours
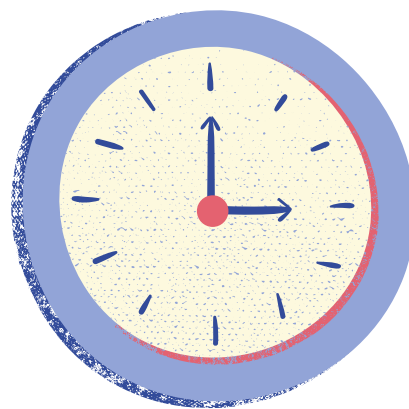
Lesson programmation:

1. .Socialize the technology idiom of the day.
2. Review vocabulary about technology.
3. Warming up: Matching activity about the previous vocabulary through a game.
4. Socialize key vocabulary about Software development.
5. Crossword puzzle activity about the previous vocabulary.
6. Reading: "Software Development".
7. Answer the multiple – choice questions.
8. Watch the video "The history of Software"
9. Game: Multiple-choice and true/false questions about the previous video.
10. Explain what the skimming strategy is.
11. Socialize some keywords about the reading "The Software Development Process."
12. Reading: "The Software Development Process".
13. True, False, Doesn't say activity based on the reading text.

Learning materials:

- Warming-up activity:

https://wordwall.net/es/resource/66201056/vocabulary-software-development

- **Readings**

- Video "The history of Software": https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=au-gE-Ohbhg

- Kahoot game "The history of Software": https://create.kahoot.it/share/the-history-of-oftware/48638eea-6461-4da9-8eb2-a49bad99447e

Lesson 1: Software Development

1- Idiom of the day:

Ahead of the curve: This expression is used to describe a product, person or business that is more advanced or innovative than others in the same field.

"The research team's groundbreaking discoveries kept the company ahead of the curve."

2- Review the following vocabulary about Software Development

- Develop
- Research
- Design
- Step
- Debug
- Test
- Smoothly
- Deploy
- Engineering
- Subfields

3. Warming up: Match the word to the corresponding definition:

https://wordwall.net/es/resource/66201056/vocabulary-oftware-development

4- Let's socialize the following vocabulary:

- **Software Development:** The process of creating software (Synonym: Software Creation)

- **Testing:** The act of evaluating software to find errors (Synonym: Examining)

- **Debugging**: The process of finding and fixing bugs in software (Synonym: Error Correction)

- **Expertise:** Specialized knowledge or skills (Synonym: Proficiency)

- **Risk Management**: The process of identifying, assessing, and controlling threats (Synonym: Risk Control)

- **Software Testing:** The process of verifying a software system (Synonym: Software Verification)

- **Requirements:** Needs or conditions that are necessary for a system (Synonym: Specifications)

- **Software Developers:** Professionals who create and maintain software (Synonym: Software Engineers)

- **Operating Systems:** Software that supports a computer's basic functions (Synonym: OS)

- **Specialize:** To focus on a particular area of study (Synonym: Concentrate)

5- Crossword Puzzle Activity: Find and fill in the words related to software development in the crossword puzzle below. The words can be placed horizontally or vertically. Good luck!

Across Clues:

- **SOFTWARE:** This is the end product of software development, consisting of programs and applications.
- **PROGRAMMING:** Writing and implementing code to create software.
- **DEBUGGING:** The process of finding and fixing defects in software.
- **JAVA**: A widely used programming language.
- **CPP (C++):** A high-performance programming language known for system/software development.
- **LINUX**: An open-source operating system.
- **EDUCATION:** The process of teaching or learning, especially in schools or colleges.

Down Clues:

- **TESTING:** The act of checking software for errors and bugs.
- **DESIGN:** The process of planning and creating something.
- **PYTHON:** A high-level programming language known for its ease of learning.
- **WINDOWS:** A popular operating system developed by Microsoft.
- **PSYCHOLOGY:** The study of mind and behavior.
- **HEALTHCARE:** An industry focused on the health and well-being of individuals.
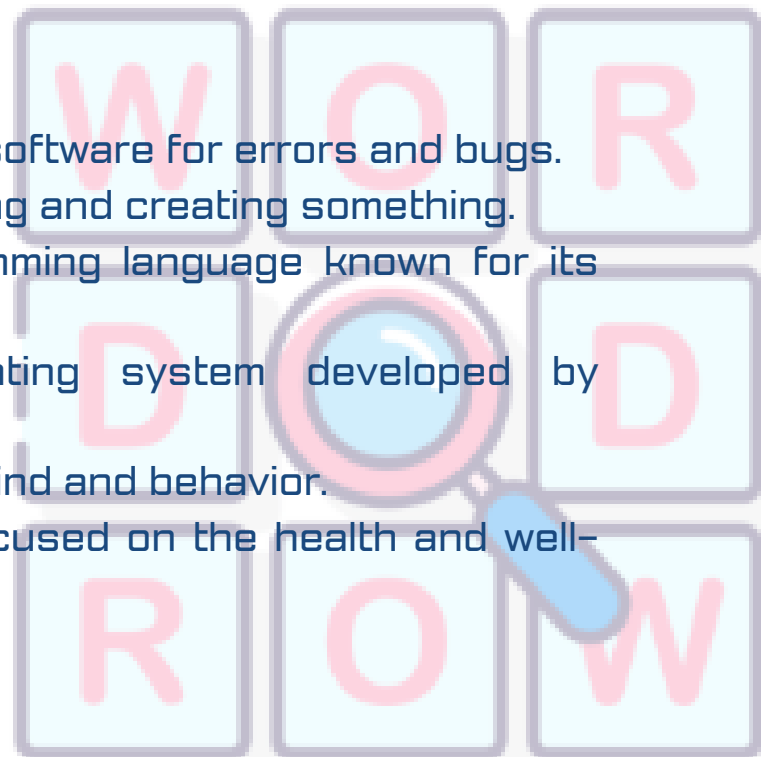
10– Before the reading activity, the teacher explains what the skimming strategy is.

Skimming Strategy:

Skimming is a reading technique that involves quickly moving through a text to get a general overview of the content rather than focusing on detailed comprehension. This strategy allows readers to cover a large amount of material in a short amount of time.

When to Use Skimming:

1. **Previewing:** Before delving into a detailed reading of a text, to get a sense of what it's about.
2. **Time Constraints:** When you have limited time to read and need to grasp the main points quickly.
3. **Reviewing:** To quickly review a text you've already read in detail to reinforce your understanding.
4. **Research:** When looking for specific information or trying to determine if a text is relevant to your needs.
5. **General Overview:** To get a basic understanding of a text when detailed comprehension is not necessary.

How to Use Skimming:

1. **Read the Title and Headings:** Start by looking at the title, headings, and subheadings to get an idea of the main topics covered in the text.
2. **Look at the Introduction and Conclusion:** Often, the introduction and conclusion of a text will summarize the main points.
3. **Focus on the First Sentences of Paragraphs:** The first sentence often introduces the main idea of a paragraph.
4. **Notice Keywords and Phrases**: Keep an eye out for bold or italicized words, bullet points, and any repeated phrases or concepts.
5. **Pay Attention to Visuals:** Graphics, charts, and pictures can provide important information and context.
6. **Speed Over the Text:** Let your eyes move rapidly over the text, not stopping to read each word or sentence in detail.

How to Apply Skimming Reading Strategy:

- **Set Your Purpose:** Know why you are skimming the text. Are you looking for a general idea, specific information, or trying to decide if the text is useful for your research?
- **Adjust Your Speed:** Be flexible with your reading speed. Slow down slightly for more important sections and speed up over less relevant parts.
- **Practice Regularly:** Like any skill, skimming improves with practice. Regularly incorporate skimming into your reading habits.
- **Take Brief Notes:** Jot down main ideas or keywords as you skim. This helps in retaining important information.
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- **Review After Skimming:** Once you've skimmed the text, take a moment to summarize the main points in your mind or out loud to reinforce comprehension.

11- Socialize the following vocabulary with the students:

- **Software Development** LifeCycle (SDLC) – A process used in software development, guiding the transformation of concepts into functional software.
- **Precision** – The quality of being exact and accurate.
- **Patience** – The ability to wait or tolerate delays without becoming annoyed.
- **Resource Distribution** – The allocation or assignment of resources (like time, money, and tools) to different parts of a project.
- **Blueprint** – A detailed plan or design.
- **Development** – The actual creation and coding of the software.
- **Agile and Waterfall** – Different methodologies used in software development.
- **Deployment** – The process of releasing the software for use.
- **Production Environment** – The setting where the software is actually used by its intended users.
- **Maintenance** – Regular updates and fixes to the software after its release.
- **Performance** – How well the software functions.