



# Unit 6 – Lesson 1:

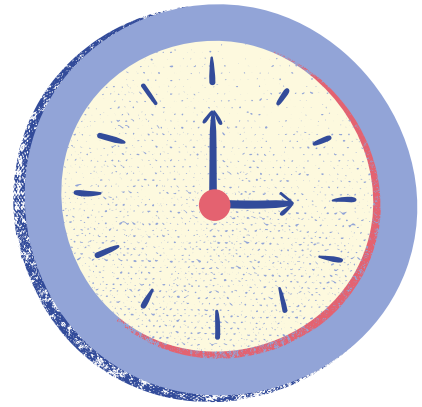
# Basics of Internet of Things





## Lesson 1: Basics of Internet of Things

Time available: 4 hours



### Lesson programming:

1. Introduce the technology idiom of the day.
2. Discussion questions about the topic "Internet of Things".
3. Watch the video "Internet of Things"
4. Game: Multiple-choice questions about the previous video
5. Pre-reading: Socialize vocabulary about the reading "What is the Internet of Things?"
6. Reading: "What is the Internet of Things?"
7. Matching word activity about the previous reading.
8. Category activity: Drag the sentences to the corresponding category.
9. Multiple choice activity.

### Learning materials:

Video Internet of Things:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LlhmzVL5bm8>

### Kahoot game:

<https://create.kahoot.it/share/internet-of-things/F721ccb1-7069-4426-ba3e-2f5aff58bfd8>



### Reading



# Lesson 1: Basics of Internet of Things

## 1-Idiom of the day:

- **Game-changer:** This expression refers to a revolutionary innovation that significantly alters the status quo in an industry or field. The implication is that nothing will be the same again.

“The introduction of cloud computing was a game-changer for businesses worldwide.”



## 2- Let's discuss the following questions to activate your prior knowledge and spark curiosity about IoT.

- **Imagine a Day in a 'Smart City':** What would a typical day look like in a city fully integrated with IoT technology? Think about transportation, shopping, and home life.
- **Your Dream IoT Device:** If you could invent one IoT device to make your life easier, what would it be and why?
- **IoT in Movies:** Can you recall any movies where IoT-like technologies were used? How realistic do they seem now?



- **The Flip Side of IoT:** What concerns might you have about living in a world where everything is connected to the internet?
- **Future Predictions:** How do you think IoT will change our world in the next 20 years?

**3- Watch the Video “Internet of Things (IoT)”** Pay close attention to the definitions, examples, and future predictions about IoT.

Video URL:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LlhmzVL5bm8>

**4- Go to Kahoot:** After watching the video, go to Kahoot and answer the five multiple-choice questions provided. Each question has four options; choose the one you believe is correct based on the video's content.

URL for teachers:

<https://create.kahoot.it/share/internet-of-things/f721ccb1-7069-4426-ba3e-2f5aff58bfd8>

URL for students:

<https://kahoot.it/> (Each teacher will give a code to the students to play).

**5- Socialize the following vocabulary:**

- **Internet of Things (IoT):** A network of physical objects with sensors and internet connectivity.



- **Devices:** Objects like smartphones, computers, or any IoT equipment.
- **Data:** Information collected by devices.
- **Smart:** Term used to describe devices that can automate tasks and make decisions.
- **Automate:** To make a process operate automatically without human intervention.
- **Pattern:** A repeated design or regular way in which something happens.
- **Trend:** A general direction in which something is developing or changing.
- **Manage:** To be in charge of something, controlling or organizing it.
- **Optimize:** To make something as effective or functional as possible.
- **Interoperability:** The ability of different systems, devices, or applications to work together.



**6- Reading:** What is the Internet of Things (IoT)?



**7- Matching word activity. Based on the reading “What is the internet of things?”, match the word with its correct definition below.**

**Words:**

1. IoT \_\_\_\_\_
2. Sensors \_\_\_\_\_
3. Cloud Computing \_\_\_\_\_
4. Big Data Analytics \_\_\_\_\_
5. Cybersecurity \_\_\_\_\_
6. Interoperability \_\_\_\_\_
7. Sustainability \_\_\_\_\_

**Definitions:**

- a. The practice of protecting internet-connected systems and data from digital attacks.
- b. The ability of different systems and devices to work together without problems.
- c. A technology that allows data to be stored and processed over the internet.
- d. Analyzing large and varied data sets to uncover patterns and insights.
- e. A network of devices with internet connectivity that can collect and share data.
- f. Devices that detect changes in the environment like temperature or motion.
- g. The ability to maintain processes in a way that avoids wasting natural resources.



**8- Grouping Activity: Understanding IoT. Read the sentences below and decide which category they belong to. The categories are: Technologies in IoT, Applications of IoT, and Challenges in IoT.**

1. IoT devices can monitor the temperature and humidity in manufacturing facilities. \_\_\_\_\_
2. Using IoT in agriculture helps in monitoring soil conditions and crop growth. \_\_\_\_\_
3. In healthcare, IoT devices monitor patients' vital signs remotely. \_\_\_\_\_
4. Sensors in IoT devices detect environmental changes like temperature. \_\_\_\_\_
5. Data from IoT devices is stored and processed in the cloud. \_\_\_\_\_
6. IoT uses technologies like Wi-Fi and Bluetooth for connectivity. \_\_\_\_\_
7. Implementing IoT systems can be expensive and complex. \_\_\_\_\_
8. IoT can lead to privacy concerns and increase the risk of cyberattacks. \_\_\_\_\_
9. Managing large volumes of data from IoT devices can be overwhelming. \_\_\_\_\_



**9- Multiple choice activity: Understanding IoT. Choose the best answer for each of the following questions based on the text "The Internet of Things (IoT)".**

- **What is IoT primarily about?**
  - a. Internet services
  - b. Online gaming
  - c. Network of interconnected devices
  - d. Social media platforms
  
- **Which of these is an example of IoT technology in homes?**
  - a. Regular thermostat
  - b. Smartphone-controlled air conditioner
  - c. Traditional wristwatch
  - d. Ordinary light bulb
  
- **IoT, what is the role of sensors?**
  - a. They enhance the device's appearance.
  - b. They detect changes in the environment.
  - c. They play music.
  - d. They display advertisements.
  
- **What does 'Big Data Analytics' in IoT refer to?**
  - a. Storing large files online
  - b. Analyzing large sets of data for insights
  - c. Creating big advertisements
  - d. Designing large IoT devices





**What challenge is associated with IoT regarding data?**

- a. Too little data to analyze
- b. Data overload and its management
- c. Data is always lost
- d. Data is irrelevant to IoT

**Which industry benefits from IoT through remote patient monitoring?**

- a. Education
- b. Healthcare
- c. Agriculture
- d. Retail

**What is a significant concern regarding IoT devices?**

- a. They are too colorful
- b. They can't connect to the internet
- c. Security and privacy risks
- d. They are too large

